# **Corporate Presentation**

Immune Responses, On Cue™

Nasdaq: CUE



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- Publicly listed company, founded in 2015 out of the Albert Einstein College of Medicine around breakthrough technology enabling selective modulation of disease relevant T cells directly in a patient's body
- Recently received first IND approval, allowing initiation of a translation-led clinical development strategy for our lead asset CUE-101 in oncology, with initial safety and biologic activity data sets expected in late 2019
- Modular Immuno-STAT platform presents applications in oncology (IO), autoimmune (AI), chronic infectious disease (CID) and we have established strategic partnerships with LG Chem to accelerate our IO pipeline and Merck to demonstrate proof of mechanism in AI





### Vision

Harness the specificity and diversity of the immune system to cure complex human diseases and fundamentally transform patient lives

# Approach

Deploy rational protein engineering with our Immuno-STAT<sup>™</sup> platform to develop biologics that selectively and specifically modulate disease-relevant T cells in a patient's body



### Immune Balance: A Key Component of Human Health

### Autoimmune

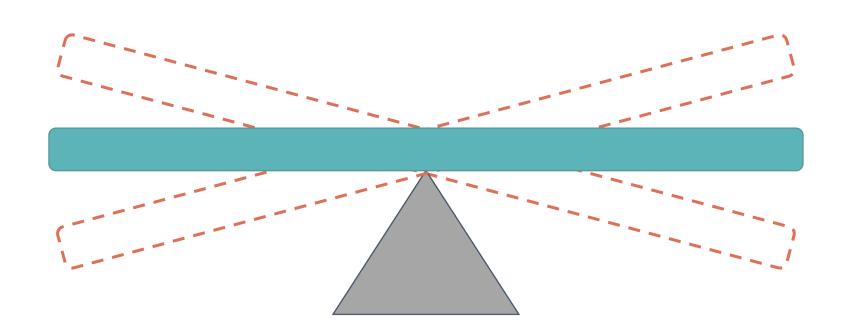


#### **Over Stimulation**

Requires inhibition of pathogenic effector T cells and/or selective activation of Tregs

#### Suppression

Requires expansion of tumor-specific effector T cells or reversal of exhausted T cells



Cue Biopharma is focused on restoring the body's natural immune balance to cure complex human diseases



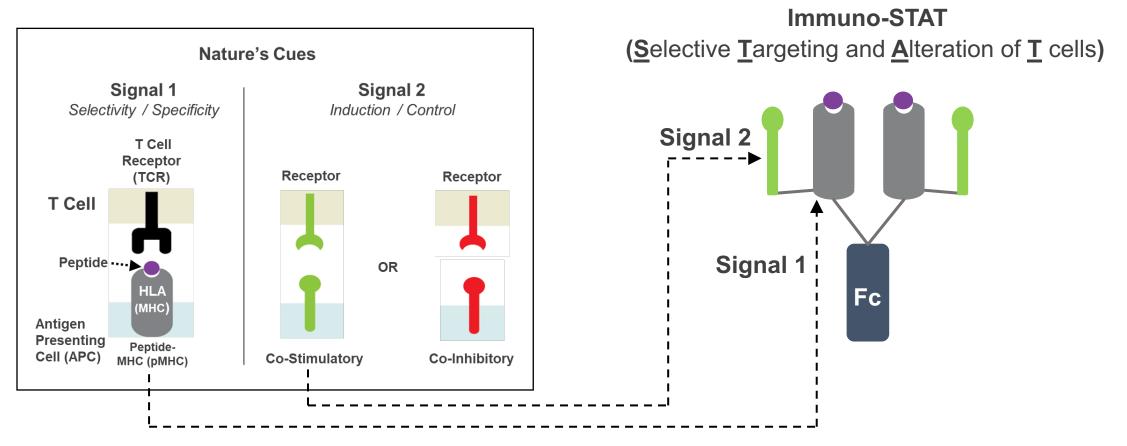
### Immune Synapse: Determines T Cell Modulation and Fate

Signal 1 Signal 2 Selectivity / Specificity Induction / Control T Cell Receptor (TCR) Receptor Receptor Cel T Cell Peptide ···· OR HLA (MHC) Antigen Presenting Antigen Presenting Cell Peptide-Cell (APC) **Co-Stimulatory Co-Inhibitory** MHC (pMHC)

**Nature's Cues** 

Source: Dustin ML. "The Immunological Synapse"

Selective T cell activation requires two distinct signals



We have rationally engineered the Immuno-STAT to selectively activate disease-relevant T cells



### Immuno-STAT Framework

**Signal 1** A stabilized peptide-MHC complex (pMHC) to engage disease relevant T cells

**Signal 2** A co-stimulatory or inhibitory signal to control the activity of target T cells

#### Fc Backbone

A well-characterized construct that provides stability and ease of manufacture

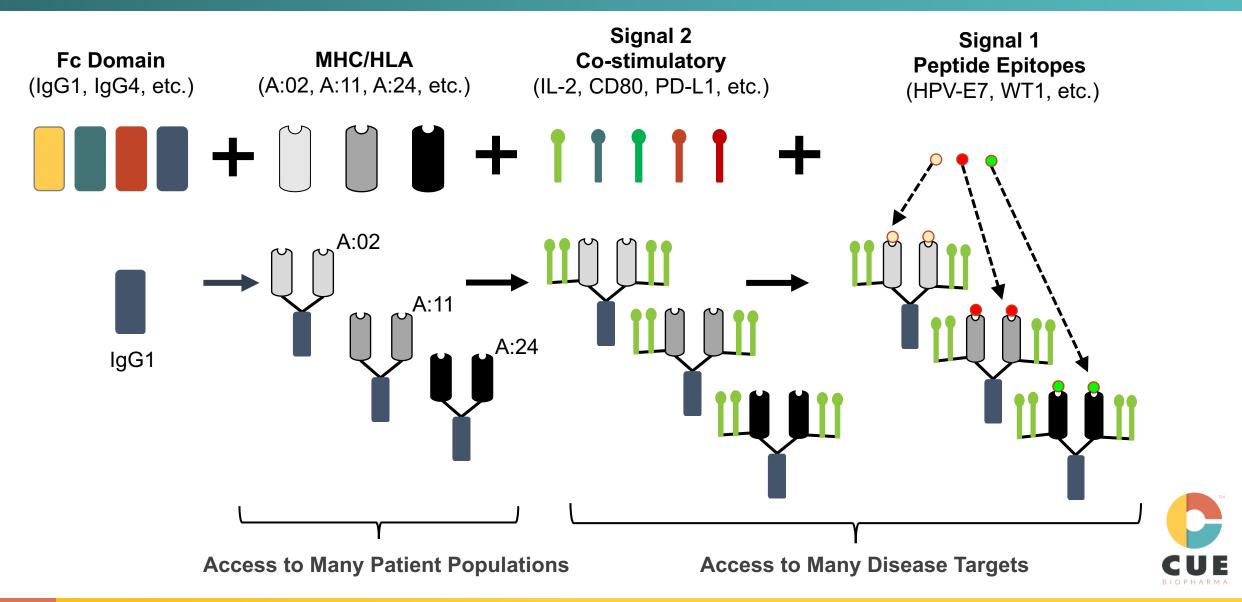
#### **Key Points of Differentiation**

- "Ready-to-engage" biologic that specifically targets and selectively modulates disease relevant T cells
- Not dependent on barriers of natural antigen presentation via antigen presenting cells (e.g., vaccines)
- Ability to control **specificity**, **quantity and quality** of the modulating signal rather than systemic, non-selective signaling (e.g., rIL-2, bi-specifics, etc.)
- Administered directly to the patient and does not involve ex-vivo manipulation of T cells (e.g., cell therapy)

A single biologic that incorporates antigen specificity, along with secondary activating or inhibitory signals, to achieve T cell modulation

Fc

# Immuno-STAT Modularity



# Value Creation Strategy

#### Immuno-Oncology

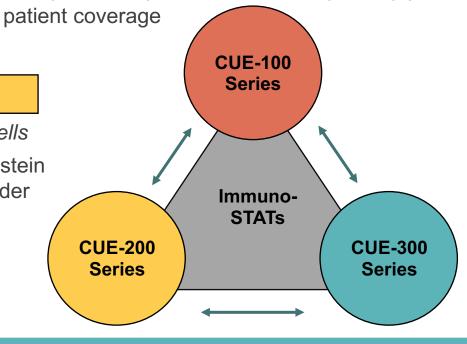
Expansion of tumor-specific effector T cells

- Demonstrate Immuno-STAT proof of concept in the clinic with CUE-101
- Asia partnership with LG Chem expands pipeline and

#### **Chronic Infectious Disease**

Reversal/expansion of exhausted T cells

- Generate PoC data with Albert Einstein
- Partner with infectious disease leader



#### **Autoimmune Disease**

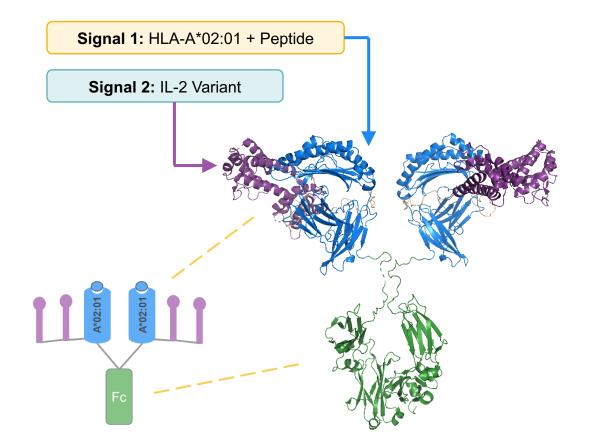
Selective activation of Tregs and/or inhibition of pathogenic effector T cells

- Establish proof of mechanism through R&D collaboration with Merck
- Partner for large, primary care indications



Cue Biopharma is developing MHC Class I and Class II Immuno-STATs to strategically address opportunities in cancer, chronic infectious disease and autoimmune disease

### Immuno-STAT CUE-100 Series

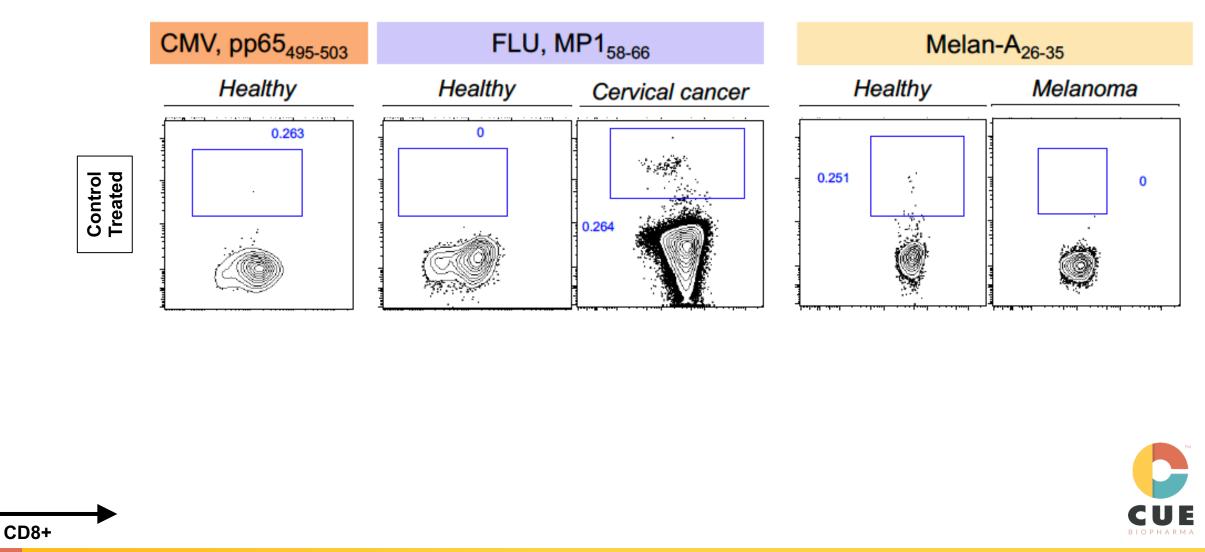


#### **CUE-100 Series Incorporates**

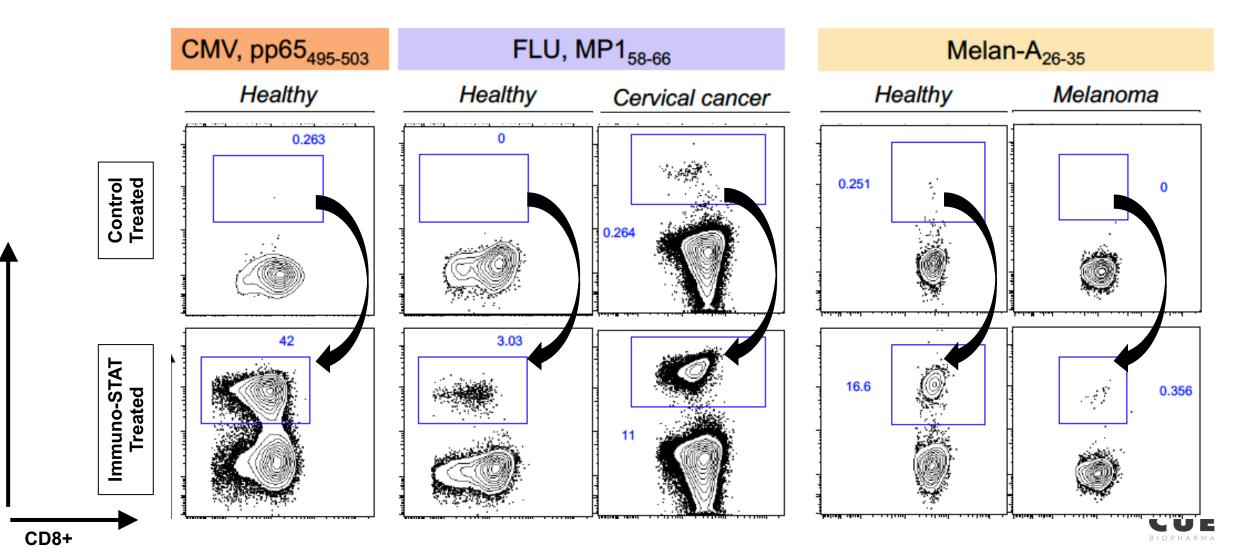
- HLA class I (A\*02:01; A\*11:01; A\*24:02)
- IL-2 variant (affinity attenuated against IL-2R alpha and beta subunits)

Manufacturability of CUE-100 molecules follows standard upstream and downstream processes for commercial mAb production





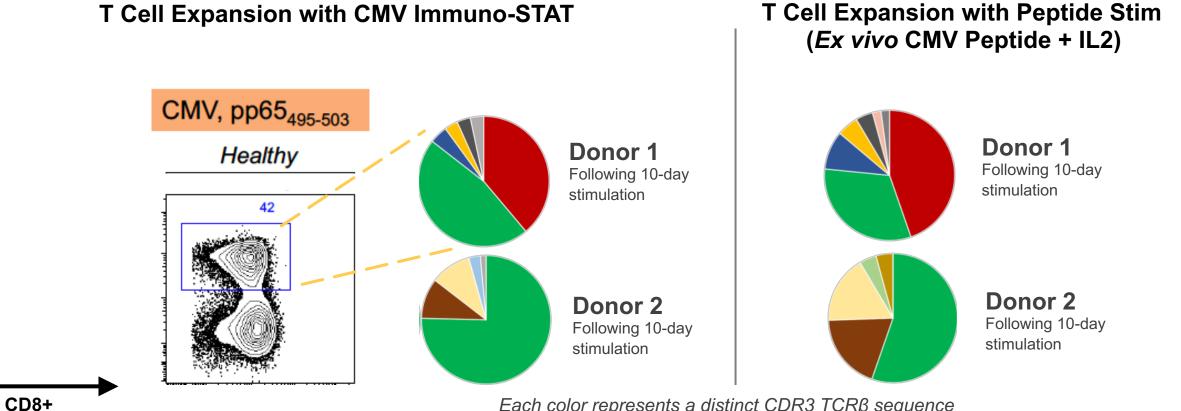
Antigen-specific T cells



cells

Antigen-specific T

### Immuno-STATs Expand a Diverse T Cell Repertoire



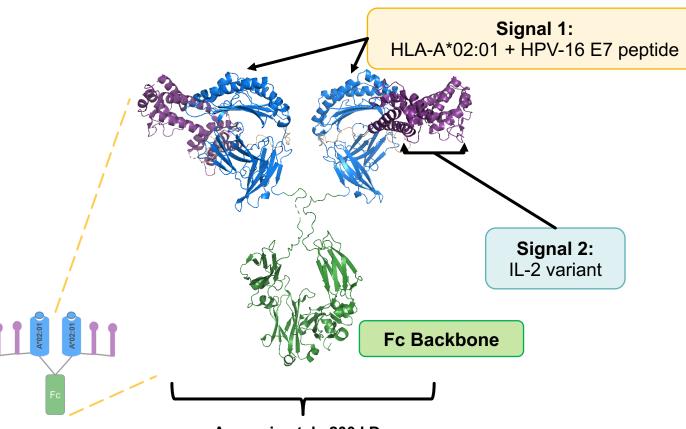
Each color represents a distinct CDR3 TCR $\beta$  sequence All unique CDR3 TCR $\beta$  (non-clonal) are grouped in gray

Diverse oligoclonal T cell repertoire is associated with enhanced tumor immunity



# CUE-101 for HPV-Driven Malignancies

CUE-101 Immuno-STAT™ Design



Approximately 200 kDa Successfully manufactured at 2000L scale

#### Clinical Rationale and Proposed Mechanism of Action

- HPV-16 E7 protein is a primary driver of tumorigenesis
- The E7 peptide presented by CUE-101 is a highly conserved T cell epitope and is immunogenic
- Selective targeting of IL-2 to tumor specific T cells
- Enables precise patient stratification: preselection based on HLA-A\*02:01+ and HPV-16+ tumor status



# CUE-101 Clinical Development Strategy

- Initial Protocol: CUE-101 monotherapy dose escalation and expansion in high need recurrent/metastatic (R/M) setting for head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC)
  - Patients screened for HPV16<sup>+</sup> and HLAA\*02:01<sup>+</sup>
  - Phase I monotherapy in advanced setting (after chemo ± Erbitux and / or Pembro / Nivo)
  - Opportunity to carry forward monotherapy and/or combo-therapy (anti-PD-1) to inform registration path
- Concurrent Protocol: CUE-101 monotherapy in the neoadjuvant setting for locally advanced HNSCC with resectable disease
  - Opportunity to assess impact on blood and tumor biomarkers in therapeutically naive patients, including infiltrating T cells
- Potential Indication Expansion: CUE-101 in the R/M setting for cervical cancer

Objective of Initial Protocol: Evaluate safety of CUE-100 framework (IL-2) and assess mechanistic activity (expansion of target T cells) in patients





#### A PHASE 1, FIRST-IN-HUMAN, OPEN-LABEL, DOSE ESCALATION AND EXPANSION STUDY OF CUE-101 MONOTHERAPY IN PATIENTS WITH HPV+ RECURRENT/ METASTATIC HEAD AND NECK SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA (HNSCC)

CUE-101 administered by intravenous (IV) infusion once every 3 weeks as monotherapy

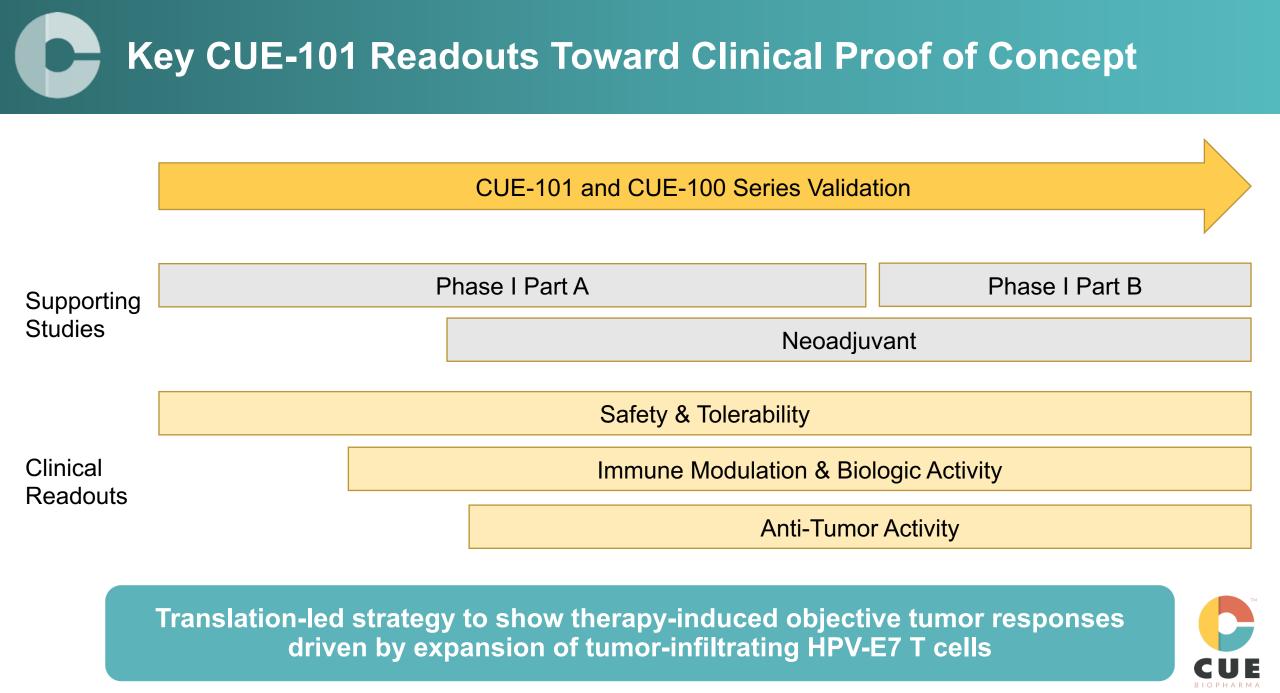
Part A: Dose Escalation & Expansion

- 3+3 design with incremental dosing
- Characterize biologic activity; selected cohorts may be expanded to 9 subjects (Bayesian Approach)
- Establish safety and tolerability profile
- Define BED or MTD

#### Part B: Dose Confirmation

- Up to 20 patients
- Confirm safety and antitumor activity at RP2D





# **CUE-101 Studies Supporting Translational Clinical Strategy**

#### In Vitro

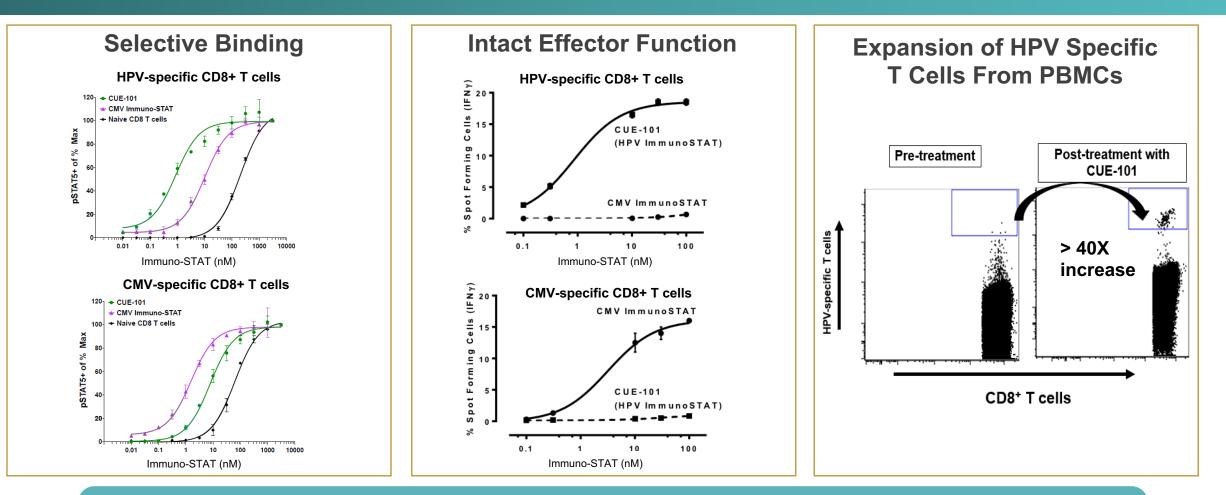
- Selective binding to HPV-specific CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells
- ✓ Dose-dependent induction of effector function
- Expansion of HPV16 E7<sub>11-20</sub> CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells from human PBMCs
- Polyfunctionality of expanded HPV16 E7<sub>11-20</sub>
   CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells
- Mitigation of risk associated with systemic IL-2 activation

#### In Vivo

- Selective expansion of HPV-specific CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells in the tumor and in the periphery
- Inhibition of tumor growth and prolonged survival in TC-1 syngeneic murine model, both as a monotherapy and in combination with anti-PD-1
- Generation of immunologic memory against TC-1 tumor cells (i.e., re-challenge study)
- Expansion of HPV16 E7<sub>11-20</sub> CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells from a naïve T cell repertoire in HLA-A2 tg mice



# CUE-101 In Vitro Activity



CUE-101 specifically targets, activates, and expands HPV-E7 T cells



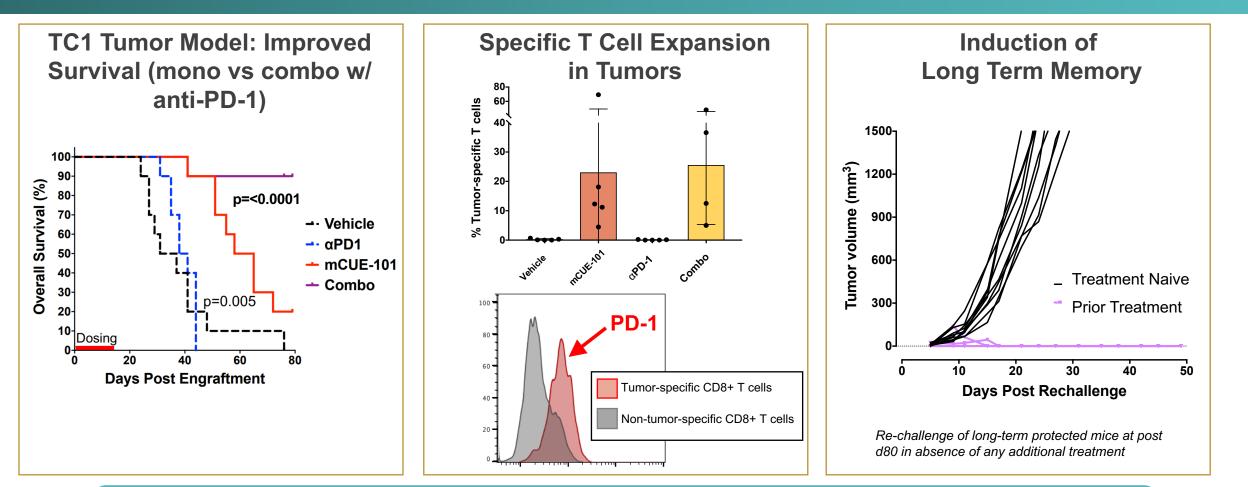
**CUE-101 Expanded CD8<sup>+</sup> T Cells Exhibit Polyfunctionality** 

Antigen-specific CD8<sup>+</sup> T Cells Non-antigen-specific CD8<sup>+</sup> T Cells Q14 0.097 Q14 0.22 Q2 0.069 Q2 0.22 CD107a CD107a TNF-α TNF-α Media Control Q3 0.22 Q15 0.22 Q3 0.19 Q15 0.079 IFN-v IFN-v IFN-y IFN-y CD107a TNF-α TNF-α CD1078 **PMA**/ionomycin Positive Control Q3 3.69 Q3 11.5 Q16 17.9 IFN-y IFN-y IFN-v IFN-v Q2 0.14 Q14 0.15 Q2 0.74 Q14 0.50 T2+SL9 peptide CD107a CD107a TNF-α TNF-α (SLYNTVATL) Negative Control Q3 0.19 Q15 0.10 Q15 0.25 IFN-γ IFN-γ IFN-y IFN-y T2+E7 peptide CD107a CD107a TNF-α TNF-α Demonstrates Selectivity (YMLDLQPETT) Q3 0.19 Q15 0.094 Q16 98.5 IFN-y IFN-y IFN-y IFN-y

Polyfunctional CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells are associated with robust tumor target cell killing



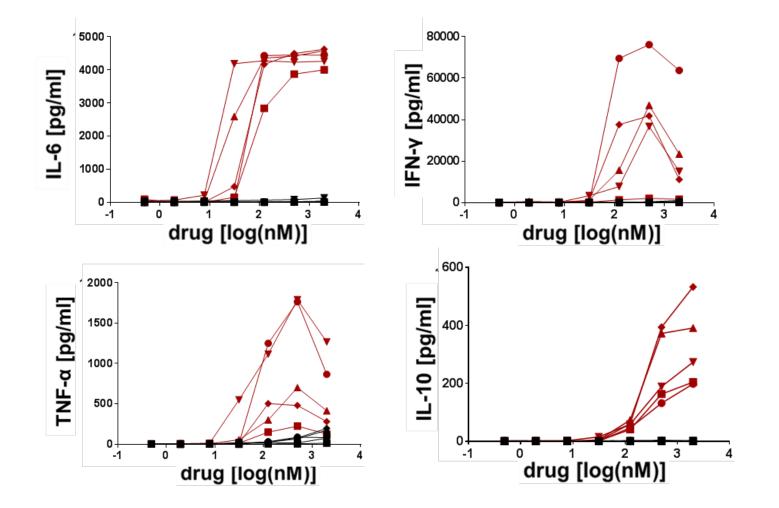
### **CUE-101 Surrogate Activity in Preclinical Model**



CUE-101 surrogate shows improved survival, both as a monotherapy and in combination with PD-1, through expansion of tumor-specific T cells with the potential to induce long term memory



# CUE-101 vs Wild-Type IL-2: Mitigating the Risk Associated with Systemic IL-2 Activation



- donor 1 rhIL-2
  donor 2 rhIL-2
  donor 3 rhIL-2
  donor 4 rhIL-2
  donor
  donor 5 rhIL-2
  donor

  - ➡ donor 2 CUE-101
  - 🛨 donor 3 CUE-101

  - ← donor 5 CUE-101
- PBMC from healthy human donors were stimulated for 18 hours with increasing amounts of CUE-101 or recombinant human IL-2
- Cytokine production was assessed in culture supernatant by MSD





Program	Discovery	Optimization	IND-Enabling	Phase I	Development Partner
CUE-100 Series – M	IHC Class I / IL-2				
CUE-101 (HPV E7 / IL-2)					Asia Rights
CUE-102 (WT1 / IL-2)					Asia Rights
CUE-103 (Undisclosed / IL-2)					Asia Rights
CUE-200 Series – M	IHC Class I / CD8	0 and 4-1BBL			LG Chem
CUE-201					
CUE-300 Series – M	IHC Class I & II / l	Jndisclosed			
CUE-301					
Immuno-Ond	cology (IO)	Chronic Infectious E	Disease (CID)	Autoimmune (AI)	

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BIOPHARMA

# **Broad Opportunity in WT-1 Expressing Cancers**

	Indication	US + EU5 Annual Incidence <sup>1</sup>	US + EU5 5-year OS <sup>2</sup>	US + EU5 Annual Deaths <sup>1</sup>	WT1 Expression IHC <sup>3</sup>	WT1 Expression PCR <sup>4</sup>	Under Active Clinical Investigation <sup>5</sup>
Major Hem Malignancies	AML	40,000	30%	20,000	>75%	90%	Juno (TCR-T), Atara Bio (CTL), Medigene (Vaccine), Sellas (Vaccine)
	ALL	12,000	65%	3,000	50-75%	80%	
	MM	65,000	50%	25,000	25-50%	50%	Atara Bio (CTL), Sellas (Vaccine)
	MDS	30,000	70%	8,000	25-50%	50%	
Major Solid Tumors	Breast	520,000	85%	100,000	<25%	80%	
	Colorectal	365,000	65%	140,000	<25%	80%	
	NSCLC	430,000	20%	320,000	<25%	60%	Juno (TCR-T)
	Ovarian	50,000	45%	32,000	50-75%	80%	Sellas (Vaccine)
	Pancreatic	105,000	<10%	95,000	25-50%	90%	Tella (Vaccine)
Rare / Pediatric Tumors	Glioblastoma	30,000	<10%	26,000	>75%	90%	Inovio (DNA Vaccine)
	Mesothelioma	6,000	15%	5,000	>75%	90%	Juno (TCR-T), Sellas (Vaccine)
	Neuroblastoma	1,500	65%	800	50-75%	80%	
	Sarcoma (ST)	25,000	80%	10,000	50-75%	90%	
	Wilms Tumor	1,500	90%	300	>75%	90%	

1: NCI SEER Program, IACR GLOBOCAN

2: NCI SEER Program

3: Qi XW et al. Sci Rep 2015

4: Sugiyama et al., Jap J Clin Oncol, 2010 5: Cortellis Clarivate Analytics, Cue Analysis





Differentiated<br/>PlatformRationally designed Immuno-STAT biologics for selective and specific engagement of disease-relevant T<br/>cells in a patient's body without the need for ex vivo expansion

- CUE-100
  - With IND now approved, generate safety data and demonstrate initial biologic activity for CUE-101 in the clinic through Phase I protocol in HPV+ head and neck cancer
  - Continue to advance pipeline through activities in support of future IND filing for CUE-102 and nomination of antigen target for CUE-103
- CUE-200
- Develop data package for the CUE-200 series that demonstrates the ability to reverse T cell exhaustion and applicability in chronic infectious disease
- CUE-300
  - Establish proof of mechanism for CUE-300 series in autoimmune disease through our research collaboration with Merck

#### Well Positioned

 Near-term readouts to demonstrate safety and selective immune modulation of Immuno-STAT platform in a clinical setting



• Potential breakthrough approach for immunotherapy across multiple major disease areas

Multiple 2019 Catalysts

### Management Team



- Dan Passeri, M.Sc., J.D. President and CEO
- More than 20 years of experience managing drug discovery and business development with focus on oncology and strategic partner generation
- Previously served as CEO at Curis and SVP at GeneLogic



#### Anish Suri, Ph.D. SVP and CSO

- More than 20 years of experience in immunooncology, autoimmune disorders, and inflammation research
- Previously served as Senior Director at Janssen Immunosciences and held senior roles at BMS



#### Kenneth Pienta, M.D. Acting CMO

- Professor of Oncology at Johns Hopkins University
- Co-Director of the Hopkins inHealth initiative to better define the practice of precision medicine
- Author of more than 350
   peer-reviewed articles



**Colin Sandercock, J.D.** SVP and General Counsel

- More than 30 years of experience in patent litigation, counseling, and licensing within the life sciences
- Previously a partner at Perkins Coie LLP



#### Kerri-Ann Millar

VP Finance

- More than 10 years of experience in audit and finance functions
- Former Corporate Controller for Flexion Therapeutics
- Served as Finance
   Executive at Curis



#### **Brandan Hillerich. Ph.D.** VP Corporate Development

- Contributing member of team that developed technology leading to Immuno-STAT™ platform at Albert Einstein College of Medicine
- Previously served on R&D advisory team at PWC



# **Thank You**



Immune Responses, On Cue™

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